

ASSOCIAZIONE NAZIONALE ASSISTENTI SOCIALI



SOCIAL WORK DAY VIENNA 15 MARZO 2016

THE SITUATION OF REFUGEES IN ITALY

Sede legale: Via Stazione Aurelia, 169 00165 Roma
Sede operativa: Via San Marino, 10 10134 Torino
Email: segreteria@assnas.it - PEC: assnas@pec.it - Sito: www.assnas.it
Codice fiscale 97001930581



ASSOCIAZIONE NAZIONALE ASSISTENTI SOCIALI



The National Association of Social Workers since 1948 has marked the various decades of the historical evolution of the Italian social services and the profession of social worker.

Articulated with the National Executive and regional secretariats, it has been for many years the only trade organization that has been conducting "battle" for the recognition of professional titles, the establishment of a professional body, the university training of social workers and It was prevalent in the professional community which is later promoted and documented the evolutionary development of the Italian Social Service, as a discipline and as a profession.

THE FENOMENON OF IMMIGRATION IN ITALY



In Italy the whole issue of migration is subject to the supervision and responsability of the Interior Ministry.



The data about the number of migration and refugees for the 2015 are not yet available at the moment.





RECEPTION SISTEM

- The Interior Ministery finances the project for the reception of migrants
- In this project the economic resources are public but the partecipation of the local public governments is optional and there is the partecipation of private third sector, too.
- This situation causes disparities in the host system across Italy
- The reception system is different betwwen child and adult





STRUCTURE FOR MIGRANTS

CENTRE FOR FIRST AID END HOSPITALITY:
 CPSA

The migrants arrive here after the landing: photos, identification, medical assistence, here they can ask the international protection.

These centres are in the south of Italy: Agrigento, Cagliari, Lecce, Ragusa





Centre of First Hospitality: CDA



After there is the transfer here

• The migrants stay in this centre the time for the identification end the check about their regular standby in Italy



CENTER FOR ASYLIUM SEEKERS: CARA

- The migrants who ask the international protection arrive in this structure and here they start the procedure.
- The local detachments of Interior Ministry: are the «Prefetture»: they analyze the practice of international protection. The time for analysis and response is very long, about 18 month











 For the irregular migrants who havent the requiremnts to stay in Italy and they don't ask the international protection stay here to apply the legal provision to expultion.

• The maximum stay is: 18 month



- Structure with project financed by public resources and public local governments;
- The operators are prive workers;
- For Italian migrants law, it is the first form of reception, but the number of migrant is so big that other form of reception are necessary;
- Here there is sanitary and legal assistance, there is one progect for every migrants.





- For emergency the local «Prefetto» can indentify the private structure;
- Locan public selection for private project of hospitality

OCIAZIONE ZIONALE ENTI SOCIALI

- Private house
- Ex public barracks



- Long time to evaluate the practice;
- The big number of migrants is an emergency for Italy;
- Economic crisis leads to lack of resources, work and integration is difficult.
- A lot of migrants are not qualified for protection, becaue they came from peaceful countries. They arrive throught illegal trips, organized by criminals organisation, and they
- They suffer the same violence but they not have the same rights
- They must have the expultion.
- It's a very possibility that this fragile end disperation people became victime of crime organisation in Italy, also because the mast pay the travel to the illegal organisations who trasport them in Italy.







- OBLIGATION TO HOST REFUGEE CHILDREN;
- NON EXPULTION FOR CHILDREN;
- ITALY APPLIES THE EUROPEAN GUIDELINES AND TREATIES
- ITALIAN MIGRATION RULES «ACT ON MIGRATION»





STRUCTURE AND ASSISTENCE FOR CHILDREN

- NOT PUBBLIC STRUCTURE
- SMAL STRUCTURE, MAX 8 CHILDREN;
- EDUCATIONAL TEACHER,
- THEY GO TO SCHOOL;
- SANITARY ASSISTANCE;
- EDUCATIONAL AND PSYCOLOGICAL ASSISTANCE
- LEGAL PRACTIVE ON Court to elect voluntary tutor: legal guardian parent





From the countries

- INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL PROJECT
- REGULARISATION;

The local organisation searches the family in our contries FOR CONTACT;





- Difficult identification;
- Favourite victim of crime organisations;
- Long time in structures;
- Difficult for integration after 18 year;
- The collaboration of local governments is not compulsory and a lot of local governments are not available;





ROSSOAMMARE by Rosi

• The documentary about the migrants landing in Lampedusa is a photo of the situation, but the real problem for migrants and refugees in Italy is the life after.